

## COURTING IN CUBA.

The Intelligencer's Soldier Correspondent Tells of

### PECULIAR CUSTOMS FOLLOWED

In the Gem of the Antilles—Kissing, he Says, Is Strictly Prohibited—A Member of Company G Accidentally Shot—A Dried Apple Supper that Caused Trouble—The First West Virginia to be Mustered out to-Morrow.

From the following interesting letter from the Intelligencer's soldier correspondent, a member of Captain Franzheim's company of the Fourth Immunes, stationed at Manzanillo, Cuba, it will be seen that the soldier boys from Wheeling are interesting themselves in the Cuban method of courtship. This will doubtless be received with alarm by some of the "girls" they left behind them in Wheeling.

From Our Soldier Correspondent.

MANZANILLO, Cuba, Jan. 25.—Courtship in Cuba is done very differently from the manner followed in the United States. If a young Cuban gentleman becomes charmed by the beautiful eyes and fair features of a señorita, he asks permission of the young lady's parents, and if it is granted he calls on her. When he is calling, some member of the family remains in the room to keep an eye on the young people. In the United States the general way is to lock the door, excluding mamma, papa, big brother and all other members of the family. The young Cuban is expected to leave at 10 o'clock prompt, and if he stays one minute beyond the time, the old folks give him to understand by sleepily nodding their heads, gapping and other unmistakable signs of disapproval, that it is time for him to go. Of course he takes the hint and leaves. In our country when the young fellow departs, the usual thing, I think, is to kiss the girl "good-night." In Cuba such a thing could not be thought of, because kissing is strictly prohibited. If he calls six times in succession it is an understood fact that they are engaged.

Tuesday evening, January 19, we had dried apples for supper. Nearly every member of Company G partook of them and within half an hour half of the company was sick. The boys became alarmed and the surgeon was sent for. When he arrived he prescribed hot mustard water as an antidote. We all drank and in a short time the scene on the transport was repeated: a member of the company was vomiting. Luckily, nobody continued sick.

Private Tommy Lynch, of Company G, while handling a revolver accidentally shot himself in the right foot. The wound is painful, but not serious, and it will not be long before Tommy will be all right again.

Private Ed. Cook, of Company G, has been appointed color guard. He was chosen because of his soldierly bearing and military qualities.

Sergeant Charles Brad, of Company G, has been reduced to the ranks at his own request. Corporal Schrier has been promoted to fill the vacancy.

B. S. HONECKER.

**The First West Virginia.**  
Lieutenant-Colonel C. L. Smith, of the First West Virginia regiment, writes as follows to his paper, the Fairmont Index:  
CAMP CONRAD, COLUMBUS, Ga., Jan. 28.—We had our first snow last night. It was just like the ordinary West Virginia snow, but it threw new life into every youngster, male and female, black and white. Up to a day or so ago the weather had been lovely, and the first wild flowers could be seen growing on every side. Then the weather began to change. It grew colder, and the clouds indicated falling weather. We all expected rain, for they told us they had scarcely seen snow here since the winter of 1881. Early Friday night it began to hail, which soon turned into snow, and at "Taps," when the boys retired to their tents, the snow was coming down in the most home like fashion. This morning we found about one inch and a half of the beautiful on the ground, covering landscape and forest completely. The West Virginians became homesick, and looked upon it as only a forerunner of mud and slush, but it did not disappoint, and they turned out and engaged in a general snow-ball. Every one seemed to have the right to pelt every passerby with the snow. They still use a summer car from camp to the city, and it was worth your life almost to go down early in the day. It was certainly a gala day for the youngsters of this section. But this joy was of very short duration, for the southern sun caused it to disappear before twelve o'clock. This much snow was certainly very unusual for this section, judging from what the people say and the way they acted.

The work of mustering out continues. A vast amount has been accomplished since I last wrote you. Captain Frederick, the mustering officer for this state, has sent Lieutenant Douglas Settle, and Lieutenant J. McD. Carter, Fifth cavalry, here to assist in the preparation of the final papers, and to muster out the regiment. It will be remembered that this regiment was mustered in at Charleston last spring, and Lieutenant Settle was the mustering officer. We doubt if a like instance of the same officer mustering in and mustering out the same regiment occurs again in the history of the volunteer services. From the way the work has progressed we do not think that there is much doubt but that the regiment will be finally paid off and mustered out on Saturday, February 4.

The paymasters are expected here to-night and the muster-out rolls will be given them as fast as they can examine them. Some little of the government property has already been taken up, but the bulk of it as yet remains in the hands of the men. Rations have been issued to include January 31, and commencing with February the men will be fed by contract. The contract has been let for about 20 cents per meal for each man.

Each enlisted man will be paid an extra month's pay, and he will receive a traveling allowance of about 80 cents a day, and twenty-mile travel is considered a day. It is estimated that the distance to Fairmont from here, going by the most direct route, is about 800 miles, making 45 days when a Fairmont boy will be allowed. This with pay for a few days over two months will give each man quite a nice little sum. Out of this each man must pay his own transportation home. The railroads are offering quite liberal rates.

The rate to Fairmont is a government thirteen dollars, with correspondingly low rates to other points in the state. There has been quite a scramble among railroads to get the business. The Central, of Georgia, through its passenger agent, Mr. Camp, of this city, will get the most of it. For some misconduct on the part of the agents of the Southern, at Knoxville, that road will not receive 5 per cent of the business it would otherwise have carried. Without any concert of action the men seemed to have determined to give that road the go by if it ever returns home.

A great majority of the men will leave for home as soon after being mustered out as possible. Several companies have engaged special cars. As each man goes on his own responsibility, they will go by almost every route, and are returning to West Virginia at odd times during the week following. A few officers may be detained a day or two, but it will not be long before they are all back at home.

## THE DAM ASSURED.

News of the Passage of the Rivers and Harbors Bill Received With Satisfaction—The Good Work of Congressman Dovenor.

Late, yesterday afternoon, President Hüllhen Quarrier, of the Wheeling chamber of commerce, received the following telegram from Congressman Dovenor at Washington:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 2, 5:25 p. m. Hüllhen Quarrier, Wheeling.  
River and harbor bill just passed house by vote of 161 to 7. B. B. DOVENOR.

The news was soon communicated through the business district, in which there is especial interest in the rivers and harbors bill through the fact that it provides for the construction of movable locks and dams at Wheeling and Marietta, in pursuance of the national government's plan of providing slack-water navigation on the Ohio, the greatest inland waterway in the world from the standpoint of the commerce it carries.

The work of Captain Dovenor in securing the dam below Wheeling before the several intermediate dams between this port and the Beaver are provided for, is a striking testimonial of the worth of the First district's representative in Congress, and that his constituents appreciate his hard work goes without saying.

Although the bill provides only for a present appropriation of \$50,000 for the dam survey, yet it carries with it future appropriations each year until the dam is completed. The survey will be completed the coming summer, and it is likely the site will be a short distance above the Weeger coal works, below Bellaire. It is not thought the actual work of construction on the dam will begin before the spring of 1900.

Of course the senate has yet to pass on the rivers and harbors bill, but it is altogether unlikely it will disturb the provisions for the improvement of the Ohio.

## STILL ANOTHER

Instance of the "Humanity" of Certain People in Near-by Towns who Look upon Wheeling as a Dumping Ground—A Deplorable Case.

Wheeling as a dumping ground for the lame, the halt and the blind of surrounding towns, continues to hold its popularity, and the city authorities are becoming heartily sick of the practice. At least once a month the railroads convey a penniless, ill or injured individual to Wheeling for care and treatment, who is shipped on here by other towns anxious to be rid of a burden.

The latest instance occurred last night. A half-frozen fellow, utterly unable to walk or talk, was thrown off at the Terminal depot, near the Market street bridge. He had come from some town along the Wheeling & Lake Erie, and was without money or friends. Lieutenant Michaels' attention was called to the poor fellow's plight, and he had the stranger taken to the quarters in the patrol wagon. Comfortable quarters failed to bring back his power of speech, consequently efforts to learn his name or whence he came were futile. At any rate, he had been a sufferer from the cold. Both his feet were frozen, and one of his arms was bandaged, where it had been frozen. He was unable to move a limb.

One of these days the local police and hospital authorities will discover the "humane" people in nearby towns who send their unfortunates to Wheeling to live or die, and the discovery will be beneficial.

## THE 1899 OFFICERS

Of the Woman's Hospital Association Chosen Yesterday—A Satisfactory Year's Work was Reported for 1898.

The result of the election of officers of the Woman's Hospital Association was as follows:

President, Mrs. W. F. Butler.  
Vice Presidents, Mrs. Alfred Pauli, First ward; Miss Kate Hazlett, Second ward; Mrs. J. P. Merriman, Third ward; Mrs. Charles Killmyer, Fourth ward; Miss M. C. Wilson, Fifth ward; Mrs. Charles A. Reed, Sixth ward; Miss Lucy Kyle, Seventh ward; Mrs. Rebecca Wheat, Eighth ward.

Country district—Mrs. W. A. Tiernan. Treasurer, Miss Martha J. Haro. Secretary, Mrs. Joseph Metcalfe. The executive committee, which includes the president, secretary and treasurer, is as follows: Mesdames Julia Clark, Howard Hazlett, Robert Dalglish, J. P. Merriman, R. H. List, Alfred Pauli, William F. Stifel, James Cummins, W. A. Tiernan, L. J. Bayha, Charles Killmyer, Misses Mary Vance, Hettie List, Jennie Bailey and Lucy M. Kyle, and Mrs. Margaret A. Woodward, an honorary member.

President of the Sewing Guild, Miss M. C. Wilson.

Secretary Sewing Guild, Mrs. W. J. W. Cowden.

Although the building is somewhat torn up, owing to the recent improvements in the interior and the placing of the elevator, the ladies decided to observe February 9th, as usual, as Donation Day and Anniversary, as donations, improvements, both inside and outside, will be commenced in about two weeks. The ingathering of the guild will also be held on that date. The public is invited.

In reviewing the past year's work, everything was found very satisfactory.

### A Wayward Girl.

The mother of Emma Wisler, the Pittsburgh girl who was rescued from a Wheeling house of ill fame, arrived here last night and called at police headquarters. Before her arrival, however, the girl had been taken to the Reformatory home. The mother will return to Pittsburgh with her wayward daughter this morning.

### The Groundhog's Shadow.

Yesterday the groundhog walked out of his hibernating quarters, as is expected of him by an anxious public every second day of February. His business on this important occasion is to ascertain whether he can see his shadow while he struts over the ground.

The foods we eat furnish energy for the body just as burning coal makes steam for an engine.

The experiments of Prof. Frankland, Ph. D., of London, shows that cod-liver oil yields two and one-half times more energy than starches or sweets.

Scott's Emulsion is pure cod-liver oil combined with hypophosphites of lime and soda. It forms fat, gives strength, enriches the blood, invigorates the nerves, and repairs tissues.

See and Buy, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

## MUNYON'S INHALER.

Wonderful Success of This Great Cure for Grip, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and All Throat and Lung Diseases.



378 SOLD YESTERDAY.

Costs \$1.00. At All Drug Stores.



This Inhaler cures, by Inhalation, Colds, Coughs, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Diseases, and prevents Consumption. Come and test it. It costs you nothing. Cast aside all other medicines and treatments for 24 hours and give this new system a trial. If you want one it will cost \$1.00 at any drug store. The medicated air goes direct to the inflamed and diseased parts that cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach. It permeates every air passage. And at once destroys the disease germs. It is an invigorating tonic to the vital forces. A remedy which soothes, heals and invigorates.

It positively cures Catarrh and diseases of the nasal organs.

It positively cures diseases of the throat and lungs.

It enables you to cure yourself at home.

It renders unnecessary any cutting, burning, or cauterizing.

It destroys at once the bacilli of bronchitis and consumption.

Its use is followed immediately by a sense of relief.

It enables you to save doctors' big fees.

INDORSED BY ALL WHO HAVE TRIED IT.

COME AND SEE IT.

FREE EXHIBITIONS AT THE FOLLOWING STORES:

McLain's New Pharmacy, corner Eleventh and Market streets.

Schnepf's Pharmacy, corner Market and Fourteenth streets.

Geiger's Elite Pharmacy, 1034 Main street.

Polite attendants will be on duty all day and evening to answer questions and demonstrate its value. Everybody is invited to give this Inhaler a free trial. No trouble to show it. You are welcome to a treatment whether you purchase or not. The cost is only \$1.00.

Schellie, lumbago, and all rheumatic pains cured by Munyon's Rheumatism Cure, Dyspepsia and all stomach troubles cured by Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. Nine per cent of all kidney complaints cured by Munyon's Kidney Cure. Headaches, colds, and coughs, impaired blood, general debility, nervousness, all quickly cured by Munyon's Remedies. The remedies cost mostly 25 cents a vial, and are sold by all druggists. There are 55 different cures for 55 different ailments.

Munyon's doctors give advice absolutely free.

If unable to call at the office, write Prof. Munyon for free medical advice on any disease.

Open 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 2 to 5.

1505 Arch St., Philadelphia.

Should he see his shadow—according to a belief clung to by many people—he will crawl into his hole disgusted with the weather man, for he knows then that six weeks of cold weather are to follow. Failing to see his shadow, good weather is slated, and the groundhog promises a sunny day. Yesterday was bright and clear, so keep on your heavy underwear for two moons to come.

## THE RAILROADS.

The February meeting of the Central Passenger Association, which has been called for next Wednesday, promises to be unusually interesting, says the Chicago Record. One of the chief subjects of discussion will be an application from the Canadian Pacific for an equalization of fares on transatlantic traffic via Montreal. The Canadian road, in effect, asks to be allowed to make the same rates to European ports via Montreal from all points on and north of an imaginary line drawn between Detroit and St. Louis, as are made by the American lines direct to Boston. This would put the Canadian Pacific on an equality for transatlantic business with American lines having Boston as terminus. Some years ago the Canadian road enjoyed a similar concession, but it was taken out, there being a strong feeling that the Canadian road was getting an unfair advantage over the American lines. The present application will probably be turned down, some of the roads claiming that under the present conditions of traffic agreements they would have no right to enter into the proposed arrangement.

The question of the abuse of live stock passes issued through express companies will also be considered. No blame attaches to the express companies in the matter, but the roads say there is unquestionably a large abuse of this kind of transportation which must be stopped, and the meeting will endeavor to find means for checking its continuance. Steps will also be taken to find out the extent to which clergy permits are used by getting each line to make a return of all tickets sold under such permits.

## Drop in Standard Oil.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—The liquidating trustees of the Standard Oil company have declared a sum equal to \$3 a share on the corporate stocks remaining in their hands and an extra \$3 a share. On the announcement the dividends the stock broke 12 points on the curb, from 47 to 45.

## SOCIAL SESSION

Of the Potters' Union was Attended by 250 People, and

### MOST EXCELLENT PROGRAMME

Was Rendered to the Great Enjoyment of all Present—Addresses Made by Messrs. McCarthy, Stevenson and Tighe, who Dwelt Upon the Relation of the Workers to the Combine—The Attitude of the Workers.

The social session given by Local Union No. 6, National Brotherhood of Operative Potters, at Pythian Castle, last evening, was an unqualified success. The "stag party" was attended by about 250 pottery workers, every branch of the trade being represented, from the apprentice to the journeyman. The object of the meeting, as stated by Brother T. J. Duffy, in his opening address, was to endeavor to bring new members into the union fold, and instill a feeling of congeniality among the old members. The assemblage seemed to be in accord with the sentiments of the various speakers, and manifested their approval at frequent intervals. The social committee was composed of Messrs. Nesbitt, T. J. Duffy, A. Goller, T. Goller, W. Fry and E. Bourne.

The programme was opened with a piano solo by Prof. Jacob Pinkus, the blind musician. The eighteen performers' efforts were received with enthusiasm. He responded to an encore.

In his address of welcome, Brother T. J. Duffy referred to the numerous advantages of organization, and said that if the golden rule, the underlying principle of unionism, were practiced, there would be no necessity for labor bodies. He stated the object of the session as an endeavor to bring outsiders into the union fold. The benefits of unionism are evident, and should be appreciated by all pottery workers.

The next number on the programme rendered in a pleasing manner by Mr. Clement Ludwig. "Keep a Goin'" was sung by Mr. W. T. Nesbitt, in a way which seemed to strike the popular chord. Gordon Watt, accompanied by Messrs. Messers, Wormile and Stein, sang several songs, and was well received.

Mr. A. Hughes, national president of the organization, was unable to be present, and Mr. S. M. McCarthy, of Pittsburgh, editor of the Commoner and Glassworker, was substituted on the programme. In beginning his address, Mr. McCarthy spoke of the momentous questions which confront the potters, and urged them to be more systematic in their efforts to disseminate the truths of unionism. Workers are too indifferent to their own interests; their trade is their business, their vocation their capital. Apprentices were allowed too much liberty, and were rapidly encroaching upon the work of the journeyman. This should be stopped. The wage scale of the window glass workers was cited as an example of what could be accomplished by persistent effort.

Continuing, the speaker referred to the concentration of capital as evidenced in the numerous combines being formed, and particularly the pottery combine. This trust was a menace to the potters, he said, and they should be strongly united to combat it. It would be union vs. trust; the workingman's ideal was protection; the ideal of the combination was the almighty dollar. The speaker thought attendance at union meetings should be compulsory. Admirers of the many art were entertained by a four-round bout between "Little Pete," champion of the "Warwick," and "Buzz" Amber, the "pride of South Wheeling." The decision was a draw.

Mr. Fred. Danvers' bass voice was heard to advantage in "Hybras, the Cretan." In response to vociferous demands, he gave the familiar, "Handsome" song. Mr. Stanis Ludwig followed with a cornet solo.

A male quartette, composed of Messrs. Dunn, Hague, Westwood and Danvers, members of the Orpheus Male Chorus, rendered "O, Lovely is the Morning Dawn," and "Invitation Dance," in a delightful manner. Prof. H. J. Arbena was the accompanist.

Mr. M. F. Tighe, president of the Trades Assembly, made a short address, in which he praised the beneficial character of the social session. He said the problem of life was the relief of mankind, and claimed that existing conditions were violations of the law of God. Organizations have ever stood for the uplifting of mankind. The foundation of labor is the brotherhood of man.

The best address of the evening was rendered for the close, Mr. E. A. Stevenson, of East Liverpool, was the speaker. In opening he said he had noted the good feeling which seemed to prevail among Wheeling potters. The hope of the union was socialability among the members. The most important question which confronted the potters, the speaker thought, was what disposition will the pottery combine have toward the workmen. The tendency of the times was to concentrate all capital and must inevitably lead to imperialism. Only two remedies were clear: one is for the workingman to maintain his independence as a voter; every man must exercise his right in politics. The party that is a traitor to the workingman should be swept from the face of the earth. The second remedy is perfect organization and a good executive fund. The speaker then outlined the better. The speaker closed with some interesting information as to the standing of the brotherhood. Mr. Stevenson is a forcible speaker and made a very favorable impression.

The Ritchietown Trio rendered several selections and the session closed with singing of the ode.

## AMUSEMENTS.

This evening at the Opera House, The Players give the second of their series of plays for the season, and the very clever farce comedy in three acts, "Hare and Hounds," is the bill. This is their best effort and the public knows it.

**Babies Thrive On It.**  
**Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk.**

**LITTLE BOOK "INFANT HEALTH" SENT FREE.** Should be in Every House. N.Y. CONDENSED MILK CO. NEW YORK.

## Catarrh Leads to Consumption.

A Forerunner of the Most Fatal Disease.

Though its offensive features are sometimes almost unbearable, few people are aware of the danger of which Catarrh is the forerunner. Catarrh invariably leads to Consumption. Growing worse and worse each winter, those who rely upon the usual treatment of sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures find that it is impossible to check the disease with these local applications which only reach the surface. The offensive discharge increases all the while, causing a feeling of personal defilement, and gets deeper and deeper until it is only a question of a short time until the lungs are affected.

The importance of the proper treatment can therefore be readily appreciated. But no good whatever can be expected from local applications, as such treatment never did cure Catarrh, and never will.

"I had such a severe case of Catarrh that I lost my hearing in one ear, and part of the bone in my nose sloughed off. I was constantly treated with sprays and washes, but each winter the disease seemed to have a firmer hold on me. I had finally been declared incurable when I decided to try S. S. S. It seemed to get right at the seat of the disease, and cured me permanently, for I have had no touch of Catarrh for seven years."

"Mrs. JOSEPHINE POLHILL, 'Duo West, S. O.'"

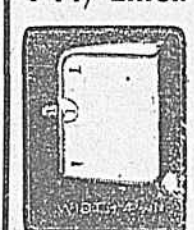
Those who have had the first touch of Catarrh will save endless suffering by taking the right remedy at the outset. Others who have for years sought relief and found only disappointment in local treatment will find it wise to waste no further time on sprays, washes, inhaling mixtures, etc., which are only temporary and can not save them from Consumption. Catarrh is a deep-seated blood disease. S. S. S. is the only remedy which can reach the very bottom of the disease and cure it permanently.

Books sent free by the Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

McFadden.

McFadden.

## 12½c For Link Button 4 Ply Linen Cuffs.



Four Ply Linen Collars for Men and boys, 35 new styles, all sizes. 10c  
Water Proof Cuffs, the kind that can be cleaned with damp cloth or sponge, all sizes, for..... 15c  
Finest Linene Reversible Collars, both sides can be worn, sizes 14½ to 19, a full box for..... 25c

McFADDEN'S COLLAR DEPARTMENT,

1320 and 1322 Market Street.

from past productions what that means. It is one continual laugh from rise to fall of curtain. The ridiculous positions Ptolemy Tubbs is placed in and Montague Belvidere's bold front to deceive his creditors and live at other people's expense, furnish a sure cure for the blues. Only a few seats are left and those who intend attending will do well not to take any chances at the box office.

### THE GREAT FLINT.

If anyone is suffering from the blues, let him straightway go to the entertainment given by The Great Flint Company, and indulge in a hearty laugh that has no alloy in it. It comes straight from the heart in witnessing the antics that people undergo while under hypnotic influence. There is nothing equal to it for inspiring hearty laughter and driving away all humor. Any hysterical suggestions should be taken so seriously as a question, but herein comes the fun. As a special inducement, each person purchasing one paid fifty-cent ticket will be given one ladies' free ticket for the opening night, if purchased in advance. The company opens a half week's engagement at the Grand next Monday evening.

### "THE CHARLATAN."

It is not generally known that John Philip Sousa wrote the lyrics. De Wolf Hopper's new opera, "The Charlatan," which will be presented at the Opera House, Saturday evening, February 4, Charles Klein furnished the story and the dialogue for the opera, which is said to be the most interesting and diverting seen in comic opera in late days. Even before the "Bride Elect" was produced the famous bandmaster had disclosed his ability as a maker of catchy verses. Both the words and music of the Typical Tune of Zanzibar, one of the very best numbers of the famous "El Capitán," was from his pen. There are in "The Charlatan" very many musical numbers which outrank anything in rhythm that Mr. Sousa has heretofore turned out.

### MATHEWS AND BULGER.

The real funny boys, Mathews and Bulger, whose very names are synonymous with hilarious gaiety, and their immense supporting company of farceurs in the latest comedy, "By the Sea Waves," should prove one of the most successful efforts of the season in the mirth provoking line, inasmuch as they have every surrounding in the way of accessories. Dunne & Riley are giving their best judgment and resources in the direction of what they expect to be the zenith of all farcical comedy, and which the managers think the public will agree when presented at the Opera House, on Tuesday, February 7.

### "THE LATE MR. EARLY."

A delicious morsel in "The Late Mr. Early" is the introduction of a Pickaninny song and dance. This is done by Sharp and Flint, with the assistance of the Misses Rose Sutherland and Mabel Hite. The music of this number is said to be extremely catchy and easy to remember, and so popular does it immediately become that it is already being whistled and hummed by all the small boys, and indeed by many of the big ones wherever the piece has been played. The introduction of many clever musical numbers is said to be not the least point of popularity in "The Late Mr. Early." This company has been secured as the attraction at the Opera House next Wednesday.

### THE MISSOURI GIRL.

Miss Sadie Raymond, supported by an excellent company, which included the excellent Fred Raymond, opened a half week's engagement at the Grand Opera House last night, producing "The Missouri Girl," a comedy drama in which the scenes, of course, are laid in Missouri. The play has plenty of vim and go to it, and bubbles over with amusing situations of which the Raymond company's admirable support make the most. The scenery is a feature; all of it is carried especially for this play. The audience frequently applauded and on all sides were heard expressions of satisfaction, and concludes to-morrow with a matinee and night performance.

### FAMILY WASHING.

Rough Dry Washed, Starched and Dried 5 cents per pound.  
Flat Work, Washed and Ironed, 5 cents per pound.  
All hand work finished 10 cents per pound. At Home Steam Laundry.

## THE RIVER.

### Pittsburgh River News.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 2.—The Clan Caquet went to Merriman yesterday for the purpose of assisting the crew employed by the Langton Electric company, of Pittsburgh, to raise the sunken rails there by the magnet system, but nothing could be accomplished on account of the condition of affairs there. This afternoon the Charles Hook was sent down with a crane boat and it is expected that the work of raising them will be commenced this afternoon. Frank Tilley, of the coal exchange, went to Merriman to-day to watch the progress of the work.

The John Moren succeeded in reaching Pittsburgh this morning, after making a rough voyage through the ice from Bellaire with a tow of seven empty piers. She dragged them up the river from that point, the barges being strung out behind the boat. She had two barges, two model barges and three flats in her tow, while the Stella Moren, which brought part of the John Moren's tow, had only two boats and one barge.

### Along the Landing.

Weather Thursday—Moderate and clear.

The marks at 6 p. m. showed 5 feet 5 inches and falling.

Navigation on the upper Ohio is now entirely suspended.

The Queen City may come back from Cincinnati on her regular day.

In another column appears the Intelligencer's monthly weather and river record for January.

The Queen City passed down at 5 p. m. yesterday with a big Mardi Gras excursion. She got out of the upper river in good shape, encountering less ice than had been expected.

According to the annual report of the supervising inspector of steamboats 2,873,317 passengers were carried in the sixth district; 1,071,000 were carried in the Louisville district; two lives were lost; six boats went out of service and eighteen new ones were added to it.

All the rooms on the City of Louisville are heated by steam. The cabins, staterooms, Texas and pilot house on the City of Cincinnati will be heated by steam also, and there will not be a lamp or a stove on her.

Captain Ira Huntington and Captain William Bay and the crew of the Kanawha were on the Queen City en route for their homes down the river. The Queen City took the Keystone State's trip at Marietta, at which point the Keystone State is tied up. The Keystone State will leave Marietta to-day for Pittsburgh if the weather is favorable; if not she